

Fall 2021

COURSE CONTACTS

Instructor: Anthony Lombardo, PhD (he/him/his) Office Location: Online via Zoom Office Hours: Check Quercus calendar for dates and times

Teaching Assistants: Apondi Odhiambo (judith.odhiambo@mail.utoronto.ca) Tutorial Hours: N/A Tutorial Location: N/A

HEALTH STUDIES PROGRAM CONTACTS

Health Studies Director: Michael Widener (<u>michael.widener@utoronto.ca</u>) Health Studies Program Assistant: Khamla Sengthavy (<u>khamla.sengthavy@utoronto.ca</u>) Website: <u>http://www.uc.utoronto.ca/healthstudies</u>

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course provides undergraduate students an interdisciplinary introduction to issues associated with Canada's approach to health and health care. The course examines the social, cultural, economic and political influences that impact Canada's approach to maintaining its citizens' health. Multiple perspectives of health and health care are examined with the goal of gaining a theoretical understanding of the complexities and challenges of maintaining the health of Canadians. Students will have the opportunity to examine local, national and international issues and how these shape the Canadian approach to health and health care.

The purpose of this course is to enable students to develop a critical understanding of the social, economic, and political forces that shape how health issues are considered in Canada. By identifying both fundamental principles and challenges facing Canadians, students will be able to articulate strategies for change.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- 1. Broaden student's thinking of the concepts of health, illness & care. Topics include:
 - a. Key paradigms and methodological approaches to health
 - b. Personal and public conceptualizations of health, illness and quality healthcare
 - c. The social determinants of health
 - d. Current issues in maintaining Canadians' health and how these relate to policy development.
 - e. Strategies for improving the health care system from the major perspectives introduced in this course.
- 2. To provide the students with a skill set to more critically analyze health related data and information. In class discussion and assignments will provide opportunities to:
 - a. Learn how to synthesize research and information pertaining to a specific national or global health issue



Fall 2021

- b. Explore, interpret and compare existing data and health information from multiple sources
- c. Analyze current health issues
- d. Make brief presentations based on the analyses

REQUIRED READINGS

Required Course Text (Available from University of Toronto bookstore):

Bryant, T., Raphael, D., and Rioux, M. (2019). *Staying Alive: Critical perspectives on health, illness and health care* (3rd ed.). Toronto: Canadian Scholars' Press Inc.

The textbook is available in print and digital formats. You may purchase the textbook through the bookstore. You may also be able to rent the textbook via a third-party like <u>RedShelf</u> -- however, you do so at your own risk (please also be mindful of currencies: you may be required to pay in USD).

Required readings from other sources are available online through Quercus/University of Toronto.

Recommended readings and web addresses may be added to the course website periodically.

I maintain a <u>Twitter account</u> to post resources and research relevant to the courses that I teach. You can find/follow the feed at the link below, but please note, *no course-related questions should be sent to my Twitter account*. This feed is for information purposes only, and any resources I may post there are optional and not required reading for the course. To view resources directly related to HST209, follow the <u>#HST209</u> hashtag. You do not need a Twitter account to view the feed.

You must have an utoronto account. You will need to ensure that you have electronic access to the U of T library, which subscribes to many e-journals which you must access in order to complete your assignments.

LECTURE AND TUTORIALS

Classes will be held **Mondays**, **12pm-3pm** as follows:

- September 13 & September 20, 2021: Synchronous online class via Zoom
- September 27 & forward: In-person (barring any changes to public health directives)

Lectures and tutorials will be held live during these times. This course is organized as a series of lectures and interactive activities. Attendance is mandatory. It is your responsibility to find out about missed instructions, assignments, and/or announcements. All relevant information is available on the course Quercus site, which will be updated regularly. Students are expected to do the readings prior to each class and to be respectful of others during lectures.



Fall 2021

The preliminary schedule for lectures and readings is below:

Week	Торіс	Learning Preparation-Required Readings	Course Content
Week 1	Introduction to	Course Text: Forward and Preface	• Course content &
0 10	the Course &		assignments
Sept 13	Canada's Healthcare	Minkler, M., Wallace, S. P., & McDonald, M.	Canada's healthcare
Live	System	(1994). The political economy of health: A useful theoretical tool for health education	system
via	System	practice. International Quarterly of Community	• Models of
Zoom		Health Education, 15(2), 111–125.	understanding health
20011		<i>Incum Luncation</i> , 15(2), 111–125.	neann
		Recommended:	
		Chapter 10: Cracks in the Foundation: The	
		Origins And Development of the Canadian and	
		American Health Care System	
		Canada Health Act Annual Report (2019-	
XX 1.0		2020), Chapter 1: <u>https://bit.ly/3eI6OyP</u>	
Week 2	Part I:	Canadian Public Health Association. (1996).	• Overview of issues
Sant 20	Approaches to Health	Action statement for health promotion in	and key terms
Sept 20	пеани	<i>Canada</i> : <u>https://bit.ly/3m1ASYP</u>	Approaches to
Live	Research &	Hayes, M., et al. (2007). Telling stories: News	health: Public
via	Writing Workshop	media, health literacy and public policy in	health, population health & health
Zoom	Whiting Workshop	Canada. Social Science & Medicine, 64, 1842-	promotion
20011		1852.	promotion
		Whitehead, D. (2004). Health promotion and	
		health education: Advancing the concepts.	
		Journal of Advanced Nursing, 47(3), 311-320.	
		World Health Organization. (1986). <i>Ottawa</i>	
		<i>Charter for Health Promotion</i> . Available at:	
		https://bit.ly/2GtFner	
		Recommended:	
		Epp, J. (1986). Achieving Health for All: A	
		Framework for Health Promotion. Ministry of	
		Supply and Services Canada. Available at:	
		https://bit.ly/35frLxQ	



UNIVERSITY COLLEGE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO

TORONTO, CANADA M5S 3H7

Health Studies Program HST209H – Introduction to Health COURSE SYLLABUS

Fall 2021

			·
		Poland, B., Coburn, D., Robertson, A., Eakin, J. with members of the Critical Social Science in Health Group. Wealth, equity and health care: A critique of a 'population health' perspective on the determinants of health. <i>Social Science and</i> <i>Medicine</i> , 46(7), 785-798, 1998.	
		Raphael, D., & Bryant, T. (2002). The limitations of population health as a model for a new public health. <i>Health Promotion International</i> , <i>17</i> (2), 189-199.	
		Raphael, D. (2008). Grasping at straws: A recent history of health promotion in Canada. <i>Critical Public Health</i> , 18(4), 483-495.	
Week 3	Perspectives on Health, Illness	Chapter 1: Epidemiological Approaches	• Overview of
Sept 27	and Health Care:	Chapter 2: Sociological Perspectives on Health	perspectives on health, illness and
		and Health Care	healthcare:
In-	Epidemiological		epidemiological
Person	Perspectives	Recommended:	• Overview of
Classes	G • 1 • 1	Buchanan, D.R. (1998). Beyond positivism:	perspectives on
Begin	Sociological Perspectives	Humanistic perspectives on theory and research in health education. <i>Health Education</i>	health, illness and
0 0	<i>r erspecuves</i>	<i>Research</i> , <i>13</i> (3), 439-450.	healthcare: sociological
		Rhodes, T. (1997). Risk theory in epidemic times: Sex, drugs and the social organisation of 'risk behaviour'. <i>Sociology of Health & Illness</i> , <i>19</i> (2), 208-227.	
Week 4	Perspectives on	Chapter 3: Political Economy Perspectives on	• Overview of the
	Health, Illness	Health and Health Care	influence of politics
Oct 4	and Health Care:		and economics on
	Dolition	Chapter 4: The Right to Health: Human Rights	health outcomes
	Political Economy	Approaches to Health	and care
	Economy Perspectives	Raphael, D., Komakech, M., Bryant, T., &	• Overview of human
	I USPECTIVES	Torrence, R. (2019). Governmental	rights-based approaches to
	Human Rights	Illegitimacy and Incompetency in Canada and	health
	Perspectives	Other Liberal Nations: Implications for	nouth
		Health. International Journal of Health	
	A1: Health in	Services, 49(1), 17-36.	
	<mark>Media Paper Due</mark>		



UNIVERSITY COLLEGE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO Toronto, Canada M5S 3H7

Health Studies Program HST209H – Introduction to Health COURSE SYLLABUS

Fall 2021

Borrell, C., et al. (2007). Politics and health. Journal of Epidemiology & Community Health, 61, 658-659. Palmer, A., et al. (2009). Does ratification of human-rights reaties have effects on population health? Lancet, 373(9679): 1987–92 Recommended: Chapter 15: Pharmaceutical Policy Kawachi, I., & Kennedy, B. P. (1999). Income inequality and health: pathways and mechanisms. Health Services Research, 34(1 Pt 2), 215–227. Eikemo, T. A., & Bambra, C. (2008). The welfare state: a glossary for public health. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 62(1), 3-6. Minkler, M., Wallace, S. P., & McDonald, M. (1994). The political economy of health: A useful theoretical tool for health education practice. International Quarterly of Community Health Education, 15(2), 111–125. https://doi.org/10.2190/T1Y0-8ARU-RL96- LPDU Raphael, D. & Bryant, T. (2015). Power, intersectionality and the life-course: Identifying the political and economic structures of welfare states that support or threatn health. Social Theory & Health, 13, 245-266. Raphael, D., & Bryant, T. (2006). Maintaining population health in a period of welfare state decline: Political economy as the missing dimension in health promotion theory and practice. Promotion & Education, 13(4), 236- 242.		oronto, Canada M5S 3H7		
 human-rights treaties have effects on population health? <i>Lancet</i>, 373(9679): 1987–92 Recommended: Chapter 15: <i>Pharmaceutical Policy</i> Kawachi, I., & Kennedy, B. P. (1999). Income inequality and health: pathways and mechanisms. <i>Health Services Research</i>, 34(1 Pt 2), 215–227. Eikemo, T. A., & Bambra, C. (2008). The welfare state: a glossary for public health. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i>, 62(1), 3-6. Minkler, M., Wallace, S. P., & McDonald, M. (1994). The political economy of health: A useful theoretical tool for health education practice. <i>International Quarterly of Community Health Education</i>, 15(2), 111–125. https://doi.org/10.2190/T1Y0-8ARU-RL96- LPDU Raphael, D. & Bryant, T. (2015). Power, intersectionality and the life-course: Identifying the political and economic structures of welfare states that support or threaten health. <i>Social Theory & Health</i>, 13, 245-266. Raphael, D., & Bryant, T. (2006). Maintaining population health in a period of welfare state decline: Political economy as the missing dimension in health promotion theory and practice. <i>Promotion & Education</i>, 13(4), 236- 242. 			Journal of Epidemiology & Community Health,	
 Chapter 15: <i>Pharmaceutical Policy</i> Kawachi, I., & Kennedy, B. P. (1999). Income inequality and health: pathways and mechanisms. <i>Health Services Research</i>, <i>34</i>(1 Pt 2), 215–227. Eikemo, T. A., & Bambra, C. (2008). The welfare state: a glossary for public health. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i>, <i>62</i>(1), 3-6. Minkler, M., Wallace, S. P., & McDonald, M. (1994). The political economy of health: A useful theoretical tool for health education practice. <i>International Quarterly of Community Health Education</i>, <i>15</i>(2), 111–125. https://doi.org/10.2190/T1Y0-8ARU-RL96-LPDU Raphael, D. & Bryant, T. (2015). Power, intersectionality and the life-course: Identifying the political and economic structures of welfare states that support or threaten health. <i>Social Theory & Health</i>, <i>13</i>, 245-266. Raphael, D., & Bryant, T. (2006). Maintaining population health in a period of welfare state decline: Political economy as the missing dimension in health promotion theory and practice. <i>Promotion & Education</i>, 13(4), 236-242. 			human-rights treaties have effects on	
 inequality and health: pathways and mechanisms. <i>Health Services Research</i>, 34(1 Pt 2), 215–227. Eikemo, T. A., & Bambra, C. (2008). The welfare state: a glossary for public health. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community</i> <i>Health</i>, 62(1), 3-6. Minkler, M., Wallace, S. P., & McDonald, M. (1994). The political economy of health: A useful theoretical tool for health education practice. <i>International Quarterly of Community</i> <i>Health Education</i>, 15(2), 111–125. https://doi.org/10.2190/T1Y0-8ARU-RL96- LPDU Raphael, D. & Bryant, T. (2015). Power, intersectionality and the life-course: Identifying the political and economic structures of welfare states that support or threaten health. <i>Social</i> <i>Theory & Health</i>, 13, 245-266. Raphael, D., & Bryant, T. (2006). Maintaining population health in a period of welfare state decline: Political economy as the missing dimension in health promotion theory and practice. <i>Promotion & Education</i>, 13(4), 236- 242. 				
 welfare state: a glossary for public health. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 62(1), 3-6. Minkler, M., Wallace, S. P., & McDonald, M. (1994). The political economy of health: A useful theoretical tool for health education practice. International Quarterly of Community Health Education, 15(2), 111–125. https://doi.org/10.2190/T1Y0-8ARU-RL96- LPDU Raphael, D. & Bryant, T. (2015). Power, intersectionality and the life-course: Identifying the political and economic structures of welfare states that support or threaten health. Social Theory & Health, 13, 245-266. Raphael, D., & Bryant, T. (2006). Maintaining population health in a period of welfare state decline: Political economy as the missing dimension in health promotion theory and practice. Promotion & Education, 13(4), 236- 242. 			inequality and health: pathways and mechanisms. <i>Health Services Research</i> , 34(1 Pt	
 (1994). The political economy of health: A useful theoretical tool for health education practice. <i>International Quarterly of Community Health Education</i>, <i>15</i>(2), 111–125. https://doi.org/10.2190/T1Y0-8ARU-RL96- LPDU Raphael, D. & Bryant, T. (2015). Power, intersectionality and the life-course: Identifying the political and economic structures of welfare states that support or threaten health. <i>Social Theory & Health</i>, <i>13</i>, 245-266. Raphael, D., & Bryant, T. (2006). Maintaining population health in a period of welfare state decline: Political economy as the missing dimension in health promotion theory and practice. <i>Promotion & Education</i>, 13(4), 236-242. 			welfare state: a glossary for public health. Journal of Epidemiology and Community	
 intersectionality and the life-course: Identifying the political and economic structures of welfare states that support or threaten health. <i>Social Theory & Health</i>, <i>13</i>, 245-266. Raphael, D., & Bryant, T. (2006). Maintaining population health in a period of welfare state decline: Political economy as the missing dimension in health promotion theory and practice. <i>Promotion & Education</i>, 13(4), 236-242. 			(1994). The political economy of health: A useful theoretical tool for health education practice. <i>International Quarterly of Community Health Education</i> , <i>15</i> (2), 111–125. https://doi.org/10.2190/T1Y0-8ARU-RL96-	
population health in a period of welfare state decline: Political economy as the missing dimension in health promotion theory and practice. <i>Promotion & Education</i> , 13(4), 236- 242.			intersectionality and the life-course: Identifying the political and economic structures of welfare states that support or threaten health. <i>Social</i>	
Oct 11 Thanksgiving 💋 No class			population health in a period of welfare state decline: Political economy as the missing dimension in health promotion theory and practice. <i>Promotion & Education</i> , 13(4), 236-	
	Oct 11	Thanksgiving 💓	No class	



Health Studies Program HST209H – Introduction to Health

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO TORONTO, CANADA M5S 3H7

113120311	Introduction	
COURSE	SYLLABUS	

Fall 2021

Week 5	Perspectives on Health, Illness	Chapter 5: Researching Health: Knowledge Paradigms, Methodologies and Methods	• Definitions and examples of social
Oct 18	and Health Care:		determinants of
		Chapter 6: Social Determinants of Health-An	health in Canada
	Researching	Overview of Concepts and Issues	• Researching the
	Health		different paradigms
		Recommended:	of health
	Social	Health Council of Canada. (2010). <u>Stepping it</u>	• Tutorial activities
	Determinants of	<u>up: Moving the focus from health care in</u>	to help prepare for
	Health	<i><u>Canada to a healthier Canada.</u></i> Toronto, ON.	assignments
		Social Determinants of Health: The Canadian	
		Facts (2 nd Ed.): <u>https://bit.ly/3IS9xIy</u>	
		Navarro, V. (2011). Why we don't spend	
		enough on public health: An alternative view.	
		International Journal of Health Services,	
		41(1), 117-120.	
Week 6	Mid-Term Prep	No readings.	• Mid-term test
Oct 25			tutorials
Week 7 Nov 1-3	Mid-Term Test	See Quercus for more details.	
	Fall Reading	No class	
Nov 8	Fall Reading Week	<i>No class</i> Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8	
	Fall Reading Week Determinants of	No class Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8 Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health	Explore how
Nov 8	Week 🛄	Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8	• Explore how nations develop and
Nov 8	Week Determinants of	Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8 Chapter 9: <i>Politics, Public Policy and Health</i>	• Explore how nations develop and apply public health
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public	Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and HealthInequalitiesChapter 16: The Political Economy of Public	nations develop and
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public Policy and	Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8 Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health Inequalities	nations develop and apply public health policyStudent
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public	Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health InequalitiesChapter 16: The Political Economy of Public Health Concerns	 nations develop and apply public health policy Student Presentations
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public Policy and Health	Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health InequalitiesChapter 16: The Political Economy of Public Health ConcernsRaphael, D. (2008). Getting serious about the	nations develop and apply public health policyStudent
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public Policy and	Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health InequalitiesChapter 16: The Political Economy of Public Health ConcernsRaphael, D. (2008). Getting serious about the social determinants of health: new directions	 nations develop and apply public health policy Student Presentations
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public Policy and Health Guest Lecture	Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health InequalitiesChapter 16: The Political Economy of Public Health ConcernsRaphael, D. (2008). Getting serious about the social determinants of health: new directions for public health workers. Promotion &	 nations develop and apply public health policy Student Presentations
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public Policy and Health Guest Lecture A3: Optional	Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health InequalitiesChapter 16: The Political Economy of Public Health ConcernsRaphael, D. (2008). Getting serious about the social determinants of health: new directions	 nations develop and apply public health policy Student Presentations
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public Policy and Health Guest Lecture A3: Optional Outline Due	Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health InequalitiesChapter 16: The Political Economy of Public Health ConcernsRaphael, D. (2008). Getting serious about the social determinants of health: new directions for public health workers. Promotion &	 nations develop and apply public health policy Student Presentations
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public Policy and Health Guest Lecture A3: Optional	Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8 Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health Inequalities Chapter 16: The Political Economy of Public Health Concerns Raphael, D. (2008). Getting serious about the social determinants of health: new directions for public health workers. Promotion & Education, 15(3), 15-20.	 nations develop and apply public health policy Student Presentations
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public Policy and Health Guest Lecture A3: Optional Outline Due (11:59pm; rolling	 Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8 Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health Inequalities Chapter 16: The Political Economy of Public Health Concerns Raphael, D. (2008). Getting serious about the social determinants of health: new directions for public health workers. Promotion & Education, 15(3), 15-20. Recommended: 	 nations develop and apply public health policy Student Presentations
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public Policy and Health Guest Lecture A3: Optional Outline Due (11:59pm; rolling	 Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8 Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health Inequalities Chapter 16: The Political Economy of Public Health Concerns Raphael, D. (2008). Getting serious about the social determinants of health: new directions for public health workers. Promotion & Education, 15(3), 15-20. Recommended: Men, F., Urquia, M. L., & Tarasuk, V. (2021). The role of provincial social policies and economic environments in shaping food 	 nations develop and apply public health policy Student Presentations
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public Policy and Health Guest Lecture A3: Optional Outline Due (11:59pm; rolling	 Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8 Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health Inequalities Chapter 16: The Political Economy of Public Health Concerns Raphael, D. (2008). Getting serious about the social determinants of health: new directions for public health workers. Promotion & Education, 15(3), 15-20. Recommended: Men, F., Urquia, M. L., & Tarasuk, V. (2021). The role of provincial social policies and economic environments in shaping food insecurity among Canadian families with 	 nations develop and apply public health policy Student Presentations
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public Policy and Health Guest Lecture A3: Optional Outline Due (11:59pm; rolling	 Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8 Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health Inequalities Chapter 16: The Political Economy of Public Health Concerns Raphael, D. (2008). Getting serious about the social determinants of health: new directions for public health workers. Promotion & Education, 15(3), 15-20. Recommended: Men, F., Urquia, M. L., & Tarasuk, V. (2021). The role of provincial social policies and economic environments in shaping food 	 nations develop and apply public health policy Student Presentations
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public Policy and Health Guest Lecture A3: Optional Outline Due (11:59pm; rolling	 Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8 Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health Inequalities Chapter 16: The Political Economy of Public Health Concerns Raphael, D. (2008). Getting serious about the social determinants of health: new directions for public health workers. Promotion & Education, 15(3), 15-20. Recommended: Men, F., Urquia, M. L., & Tarasuk, V. (2021). The role of provincial social policies and economic environments in shaping food insecurity among Canadian families with children. Preventive Medicine, 148, 106558. 	 nations develop and apply public health policy Student Presentations
Nov 8 Week 8	Week Determinants of Health (continued): Politics, Public Policy and Health Guest Lecture A3: Optional Outline Due (11:59pm; rolling	 Last day to drop an "F" course: Nov 8 Chapter 9: Politics, Public Policy and Health Inequalities Chapter 16: The Political Economy of Public Health Concerns Raphael, D. (2008). Getting serious about the social determinants of health: new directions for public health workers. Promotion & Education, 15(3), 15-20. Recommended: Men, F., Urquia, M. L., & Tarasuk, V. (2021). The role of provincial social policies and economic environments in shaping food insecurity among Canadian families with 	 nations develop and apply public health policy Student Presentations



UNIVERSITY COLLEGE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO

TORONTO, CANADA M5S 3H7

Health Studies Program HST209H – Introduction to Health COURSE SYLLABUS

Fall 2021

		Australia and New Zealand Health Policy, 5: 12.	
Week 9	Determinants of	Chapter 7: Social Class Inequalities in Health	• Define social class
	Health	Chapter 8: Shifting Vulnerabilities	and social class
Nov 22	(continued):	Chapter 13: Women, Health and Care	inequalities
	Class, Gender		• Explore
	and Racial	Recommended:	relationship
	Differences in	American Public Health Association. (2018,	between social
	Health Outcomes	November). Addressing law enforcement	class inequalities
		violence as a public health issue.	and health
	Guest Lecture	https://bit.ly/2GRWOWu	outcomes
			Student
		National Collaborating Centre for	Presentations
		Determinants of Health. (2018). Let's talk:	(Assignment #2)
		Racism and health equity (Rev. ed.).	
		https://bit.ly/2FnJd8W	
Waak	Student	 Widaatalla, N. (2020, June). <i>Public health and police violence</i>. Canadian Public Health Association: <u>https://bit.ly/33Oejjh</u> Hankivsky, O., Christoffersen, A. (2008). Intersectionality and the determinants of health: A Canadian perspective. <i>Critical Public Health</i>, 18(3):271 -283 	- Student
Week	Student	No readings.	• Student
10	Presentations		Presentations
Nov 29			(Assignment #2)
Week	Student	No readings.	Student
11	Presentations		Presentations
Dec 6			(Assignment #2)
Week	Wrap Up	No readings.	• Take home
12			messages from the
Dec 9		A3: Scholarly Discussion Paper Due	course

QUERCUS INFORMATION

Course announcements and lecture notes will be made available on the Quercus site for this course. Any messages I have for you will be noted on Quercus under announcements or through your utoronto e-mail. It is your requirement as a student of this course to regularly (e.g. daily) check your utoronto email address and Quercus for announcements.



Fall 2021

GRADING SCHEME

Assignment	Due Date	Percentage of Course Grade
A1: Health in Media Paper	October 4, 2021	15%
T1: Mid-Term Test	November 1-3, 2021	35%
A2: Paradigms of Health Presentation	Nov 15 - Dec 6, 2021	15%
A3: Scholarly Discussion Paper		
Optional Outline	Nov 15, 2021/Rolling	5%
Final Paper	December 9, 2021	30% 35%

Students should review the Faculty of Arts and Science Statement on <u>What Grades Mean</u> for guidance in how term work will be evaluated.

ASSIGNMENT SUBMISSION

- Please respect the word limits as set out in each assignment.
 - In fairness to your classmates, content beyond the maximum word limit will not be graded.
- Assignments will be submitted online via Quercus (see the note about plagiarism detection software in the "Course and Academic Policies" section).
- Please **double-space** all assignments (unless otherwise noted see Assignment #3).
- Please include a cover page clearly indicating (1) student number and (2) word count.
 - Assignments will be graded anonymously please do not include your name on your assignments or in the assignment file name.
- Please use **APA format** for referencing in your assignments.
 - <u>APA Referencing Guide</u>
- Assignments are due on the deadline date at the **beginning of class** (see the penalties for late submissions detailed below).

ASSIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS

A1: Health in Media Paper (15%)

In this assignment, you will explore how "health" and health issues are represented in the media, according to the different approaches to health discussed in the course. You will explore some of the potential implications of these presentations for the public understanding of health.

- 1. Choose **one** (1) of the following articles (available via Assignment #1 module on Quercus):
 - National Post, Better sit down for this assessment of our ailing health care system
 - Associated Press, Weight-loss drug Belviq seems safe for heart, study finds
 - National Post, *Healthier living could reduce worldwide dementia by a third, report says*
 - CBC, The long road to a new Canada's Food Guide
- 2. Critically analyze your article by addressing the following points in your assignment:



Fall 2021

Items		
	1.	What is the dominant explanatory framework used in the article? Justify your
	choice.	
		a. Medical/bio-medical model
		b. Behavioural model
		c. Socio-environmental model
		d. Political economic model
	2. How well does this article capture the concepts of <i>health promotion</i> we've been	
	learning about in the course? Justify your response.	
	3. Discuss the implications of the use of dominant model in media reports about	
		health.
		a. What is good about the use of this model? What is bad about the use of
		this model?
		b. How might this model impact public understandings of the health issue
		discussed in the article?
		c. What are some implications of such public understandings?

Be especially mindful of academic integrity in this assignment! Be careful not to share and submit papers with similar points and structure! It is important that you DO NOT SUMMAPIZE the orticle itself; instead, present your critical analysis of how health issues are

SUMMARIZE the article itself; instead, present your critical analysis of how health issues are reported in the media by drawing on the course materials discussed to date. You will be graded on your level of synthesis, critical commentary and use of course materials.

Maximum word count: 1000. This assignment will be graded and returned before the final date to withdraw from the course without academic penalty.

A2: Who Wants to be a Policy Maker? Presentation (15%)

In this assignment you will explore how paradigms of health research influence the responses to health issues. The purpose of this assignment is to help you understand how studies from different paradigms ask different questions and suggest different answers, and to think critically about the strengths and weaknesses of these different approaches. The assignment will also give you experience in finding, reading and assessing primary research in health as published in academic, peer-reviewed journals.

This assignment will be completed in a group. Your group will be assigned (1) a health topic and (2) a disciplinary paradigm (epidemiological, sociological, political economic, human rights).

Each week, presentations will focus on a specific health issue. Your group will be tasked with proposing a solution to this health issue that reflects your disciplinary paradigm. For example, you might be a group of epidemiologists tasked with proposing a solution to reduce rates of tobacco use; or, you might be a group of sociologists tasked with proposing a solution to the same issue. In your presentation, you'll make an argument to convince us of a policy-making solution based on your disciplinary approach.



Each group will also act as a "discussant" for another group each week. The discussant group will pose questions to the presenting group to facilitate discussion.

You are expected to find and use <u>academic sources</u> in support of your arguments.

- 1. Find **three** (3) academic articles about your assigned health topic that represent your disciplinary approach
 - a. Be sure to use <u>academic sources</u> that are relevant to your disciplinary approach
 - b. Consult the list of journals available on Quercus
- 2. Review your articles and address the following points in your presentation:

Ite	ms	Max # Slides (12)
1.	Provide a <i>brief</i> overview of each study	
	a. Research question/purpose	3
	b. Methods	5
	c. Key findings	
2.	Identify the <i>common themes</i> in the study research questions	2
	a. How/why do these themes reflect your assigned discipline?	2
3.	Synthesize the approaches the articles suggest for addressing the	
	health issue.	
	a. Do you feel these solutions are adequate? Why or why not?	3
	b. Do these suggestions reflect the disciplinary perspective? Why	
	or why not?	
4.	Make one , specific proposal on how best to address this health issue,	
	drawing from your assigned discipline and your preceding analyses.	2
	a. How does the proposal reflect your disciplinary perspective?	
5.	Explore the strengths and weaknesses of addressing the health issue	2
	from your disciplinary paradigm.	Δ

The timing of your presentation will be confirmed in class.

Notes:

- Each group member will receive the same grade on this assignment.
- Please use the template provided on Quercus to prepare your presentation.
- Be sure to cite all sources on each individual slide.
- Your will be graded on your level of synthesis, critical commentary and use of course materials.
- You should draw upon relevant course material in your presentation (course materials *do not* count towards your academic sources).



A3: Scholarly Discussion Paper (35%)

In this assignment, you will write a scholarly discussion paper that *makes and defends a specific argument* about a health or healthcare issue. You may choose from the following topics or select one of your own. *If you wish to select your own topic, please check with the instructor first.*

- 1. Make a proposal for a better way to address a specific health-related issue.
- 2. Make a case for a healthy public policy to better address a health-related issue.
- 3. Analyze a health topic/issue from a political economic, sociological *or* human rights perspective and explore the strengths and weaknesses of such an anlaysis.

Optional: Outline (5%)

One page, single-sided/spaced, 12 point font, minimum 0.75 inch/1.9cm margins around

- 1. Choose one of the topics above. If you have difficulty selecting a topic, approach the instructor for assistance.
- 2. Conduct a literature search of <u>academic sources</u> pertaining to the topic that you have identified in #1. Identify **four** (4) significant, current articles that discuss the topic in further detail.
- 3. Prepare an outline of your paper, following the areas required for the paper (as below). Use headings, subheadings and point form notes to separate/organize different aspects of the outline. *Be sure to cite research as required in your outline*.
- 4. Include proper APA references to your four articles (not included in the page limit)

You will be expected to integrate the instructor's feedback into your final paper. **Please** *note*: this is a graded assignment; you do not receive 5% just for submitting the outline!

You must address the following areas in your paper (*next page*):



Fall 2021

1.	Introduction to the issue		
	a. Include a thesis statement in your introduction		
		i. In other words, what do you intend to argue?	
		1. It is important that you make and defend an argument in your	
		paper and not simply summarize an issue.	
	b.	Brief background to the issue	
		i. How did this issue evolve?	
		ii. Why is it relevant to health/health care?	
2.	Evider	nce to support your argument	
	a.	Present your argument and provide evidence to support it	
		i. Use <i>academic</i> research evidence (see below)	
3.	. Discussion & Implications		
	a.	What have we learned about your topic?	
	b.	What are the implications for health? Policy? Practice? Others?	
4.	. Conclusion		
	a.	What are the next steps?	

Important Notes:

- In your paper, you should demonstrate critical thinking and apply your knowledge of the concepts and ideas taught in this course.
- You must draw upon relevant textbook material and cite that material in APA format.
- You must use (and cite) at least **six** (6) *academic* references in your paper (excluding readings from the course textbook). Use APA format for your citations.
- Maximum word count: 2,500

Evaluation Criteria (35-45%):

- a) **Substance**: paper addresses the essential elements related to your topic and issue; ideas are supported by examples where appropriate, course concepts and evidence (i.e., literature) provided; demonstrates critical thinking (i.e., sound conceptualising, interpreting and analysis-synthesis. For those who submitted an outline/annotated bibliography, you will be expected to integrate the instructors' feedback into your final paper.
- b) **Originality**: creative integration of own ideas with those of other authors in a scholarly and academic way; unique interpretation of ideas.
- c) **Clarity**: logical flow of ideas; grammatically correct sentences and paragraph structure. Appropriate APA format for scholarly paper.
- d) **Progression of analytic and written literacy skills**: demonstration of constructive use of instructor feedback regarding analyses and format of paper; increased understanding of key course concepts.
- e) **Bibliography**: Creating a bibliography is a skill required in the academic world. Please adhere to APA guidelines. Minimum of 6 <u>academic sources</u>.



Fall 2021

T1: Mid-Term Test (35%)

The mid-term test will cover material from the lectures and readings. More information about the content will be given by the instructor during class time.

Academic Sources

An **academic source** refers to a peer-reviewed, academic journal (e.g., *American Journal of Sociology*) or a book published by an academic press (e.g., Oxford University Press). Textbooks do not qualify, although they may give you references to the original study. Newspapers, magazines (such as *Time* or *Maclean's*) and websites, including Wikipedia entries, do not qualify as academic sources.

COURSE POLICIES

Please consult the "Course Guidelines/FAQs" on Quercus as well for further information.

Contacting the Instructor or TAs

Dr. Lombardo may be reached in person during office hours (or at other times by appointment). The teaching assistant will be available by appointment only.

Students will receive course communications through their <u>utoronto.ca</u> email address - students must check their utoronto email regularly.

Questions about the course, assignments, etc.: To ensure all students have access to the same information, questions must be posted to the Piazza discussion boards, accessible via Quercus. You may post anonymously if you wish. *Please check the existing threads and course outline for an answer to your question before posting!*

Questions of a private nature: Questions of a private nature (only) may be sent to Dr. Lombardo via the messaging function on Quercus.

All email communications should be brief and courteous. Please do not expect an immediate reply to your email, but every effort will be made to get back to you within **48 hours** (weekends and holidays not included). If you have not received a response after 48 hours, please feel free to send a reminder message.

Late Penalties / Extensions & Accommodation

Penalties are applied to all late submissions: Ten percent (10%) of the value of the specific assignment will be deducted for each day late, *including weekends* (up to a maximum of 50% of the value of the assignment). If you have a medical or other compelling and documentable reason for not submitting an assignment on time, the instructor must be notified **PRIOR** to the date that the assignment is due with appropriate documentation.

If the student is not prepared to impart their presentation on their set due date without a proper and acceptable explanation the student will be penalized with an automatic fail (0%). Exceptions



to the lateness penalty for valid reasons such as illness, compassionate grounds, etc., may be considered by the instructor but will require supporting documentation.

For more information about acceptable documentation for extension requests, please see http://www.illnessverification.utoronto.ca/Frequently-Asked-Questions.htm.

Please consult your college registrar if you have ongoing difficulties during term – health related or otherwise – that prevent you from completing your course work satisfactorily. If you require accommodation for a disability or long-term illness, or have any accessibility concerns about the course, the classroom or course materials, please contact Accessibility Services as soon as possible at <u>disability.services@utoronto.ca</u>.

Standard university grading policies and sanctions for academic offences will be applied.

Academic Integrity

Academic integrity is fundamental to learning and scholarship at the University of Toronto. Participating honestly, respectfully, responsibly, and fairly in this academic community ensures that the U of T degree that you earn will be valued as a true indication of your individual academic achievement, and will continue to receive the respect and recognition it deserves.

Familiarize yourself with the University of Toronto's Code of Behaviour on Academic Matters (<u>http://www.governingcouncil.utoronto.ca/policies/behaveac.htm</u>). It is the rule book for academic behaviour at the U of T, and you are expected to know the rules. Potential offences include, but are not limited to:

In papers and assignments:

- Using someone else's ideas or words without appropriate acknowledgement.
- Copying material word-for-word from a source (including lecture and study group notes) and not placing the words within quotation marks.
- Submitting your own work in more than one course without the permission of the instructor.
- Making up sources or facts.
- Including references to sources that you did not use.
- Obtaining or providing unauthorized assistance on any assignment including
 - working in groups on assignments that are supposed to be individual work,
 - o having someone rewrite or add material to your work while "editing".
- Lending your work to a classmate who submits it as his/her own without your permission.



Fall 2021

Misrepresentation:

- Falsifying or altering any documentation required by the University, including doctor's notes.
- Falsifying institutional documents or grades.

The University of Toronto treats cases of academic misconduct very seriously. All suspected cases of academic dishonesty will be investigated following the procedures outlined in the Code. The consequences for academic misconduct can be severe, including a failure in the course and a notation on your transcript. If you have any questions about what is or is not permitted in this course, please do not hesitate to contact me. If you have questions about appropriate research and citation methods, seek out additional information from the instructor, or from other available campus resources like the U of T Writing Website. If you are experiencing personal challenges that are having an impact on your academic work, please speak to the instructor or seek the advice of your college registrar.

Normally, students will be required to submit their course essays to the University's plagiarism detection tool for a review of textual similarity and detection of possible plagiarism. In doing so, students will allow their essays to be included as source documents in the tool's reference database, where they will be used solely for the purpose of detecting plagiarism. The terms that apply to the University's use of this tool are described on the Centre for Teaching Support & Innovation web site (https://uoft.me/pdt-faq). Students may opt-out of the use of the plagiarism detection tool without penalty. Students who opt-out of the use of the plagiarism detection tool will have their work reviewed manually for textual similarities, and students may be required to provide additional information about the preparation of their assignment. Students who wish to opt-out of the use of the plagiarism detection tool must advise the instructor, in writing, within the first two weeks of class.